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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/772,708	01/30/2001	Thomas H. North	483471-003	7669
7	590 12/04/2002			
Mark P. Levy			EXAMINER	
Thompson Hin 2000 Courthou		•	ELVE, MARIA ALEXANDRA	
P.O. Box 8801 Dayton, OH 45401-8801			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		·	1725	9
			DATE MAILED: 12/04/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary

Application No. 09/772,708

Applicant(s)

North et al.

Examiner

M. Alexandra Elve

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet with the correspondence address				
Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE $\underline{3}$ MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.					
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In mailing date of this communication. 	n no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the				
 If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of 	and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status					
	10/15/02				
2a) ☑ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This ac	ction is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s)	is/are pending in the application.				
4a) Of the above, claim(s)	-19 is/are withdrawn from consideration.				
5) Claim(s)	is/are allowed.				
6) Claim(s) 1 – / 1	is/are rejected.				
7) Claim(s)	is/are objected to.				
8) 🗆 Claims	are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.					
12) \square The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exam	niner.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120					
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a) All b) Some* c) None of:					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bur *See the attached detailed Office action for a list of t 					
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domesti					
a) The translation of the foreign language provision					
15)☐ Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domesti					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s).				
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	6) Other:				

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DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: hand written corrections of the specification are not legible (p. 2, line 6, p. 4, line 20 and p. 9, last line of the page). Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

3. Claims 1-5 & 7-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by Kulikowski et al. (US Pat. 5,369,244).

Kulikowski et al. discloses a flux cored arc welding electrode wherein the electrode has an outer ferrous sheath and a particulate fill material. The fill material includes titanium, manganese, iron, titanium dioxide, and polytetrafluoroethylene (abstract & col. 2, lines 20-26). The primary constituent of the alloying system is manganese and iron makes up the remainder of the fill (col. 2, lines 60-68 & col. 3, lines 1-3). The polytetrafluoroethylene produces low oxygen and hydrogen

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content in the weld bead. Welding is associated with a low fume generation (col. 3, lines 28-41).

Additionally, the electrode contains silicon, carbon,

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 6 & 9-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kulikowski et al. as stated in paragraph 3 above.

Kulikowski et al. does not disclose the exact composition. The exact amounts of each of the constituents as presently claimed are not disclosed in the prior art; however, the prior art compositions closely approximate or overlap applicant's claimed composition. It has been held that one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have considered the claimed compositions to have been obvious because close approximation or overlapping ranges in a composition is considered to establish a prima facie case of obviousness. See <u>In re Malagari</u>, 182 USPQ 549, <u>Titanium Metals v. Banner</u> 227 USPQ 773, <u>In re Nehrenberg</u> 126 USPQ 383.

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Response to Amendment

6. Upon carefully reviewing Applicant's arguments filed October 15, 2002 the Examiner acknowledges the amendments to claims 4 & 10-11 The 112 second paragraph rejections are withdrawn in view of applicant's amendments.

7. Applicant's arguments filed October 15, 2002 (paper # 8) have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the prior art does not teach a Mn containing composite particle or the reducing of Mn fume. The examiner respectfully disagrees because Kulikowski et al. teaches a particulate fill material which includes Mn (abstract & col. 2, lines 20-26). Furthermore, welding is associated with a low fume generation (col. 3, lines 28-41). Although Kulikowski et al. does not specifically state that Mn is associated with low fume generation, the presence of Mn and low fume generation is taught. If a composition is physically the same, it must have the same properties. A chemical composition and its properties are inseparable. Therefore the prior art teaches the same chemical composition, the properties of instant claims are necessarily present. See In re Spada, 15 USPQ 2d 1655, 1658.

Applicant argues that shielding is not taught. The examiner respectfully disagrees because a ferrous sheath is taught and additionally, the presence of polytetrafluoroethylene associated with the fill is a coating material.

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Conclusion

8. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

- 9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See US PTO-892.
- 10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to M. Alexandra Elve whose telephone number is (703) 308-0092. The examiner can normally be reached Monday to Friday from 6:30 AM to 3:00 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tom Dunn, can be reached on (703) 308-3318.

Any inquiry of general nature to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

MI. ALEXANDRA ELVE PRIMARY EXAMINER

December 2, 2002.